

NLPatVCU CLEF 2020: ChEMU Shared Task System Description

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Outline

1. Introduction
2. Data
3. Methods
4. Results and Error Analysis
5. Conclusion and Future Work



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Introduction

ChEMU 2020: Cheminformatics Elsevier Melbourne University

- Shared task for Information Extraction from Chemical Patents
- ChEMU proposes two key information extraction tasks over chemical reactions from patent documents
- Tasks:
 - **Task 1:** Named Entity Recognition (NER) involves identifying chemical compounds as well as their types in context, i.e., to assign the label of a chemical compound according to the role which the compound plays within a chemical reaction
 - **Task 2:** Event Extraction (EE) over chemical reactions involves event trigger detection and argument recognition.

Data



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Data

Events	Entities	Instances	REACTION_STEP	WORKUP
ARG1	EXAMPLE_LABEL	886	-	-
	REACTION_PRODUCT	2052	1101	11
	STARTING_MATERIAL	1754	1747	4
	REAGENT_CATALYST	1281	1272	-
	SOLVENT	1140	1134	4
	OTHER_COMPOUND	4640	161	4097
ARGM	YIELD_PERCENT	955	937	1
	YIELD_OTHER	1061	1043	2
	TIME	1059	839	81
	TEMPERATURE	1515	813	242
Triggers	REACTION_STEP	3815		
	WORKUP	3053		

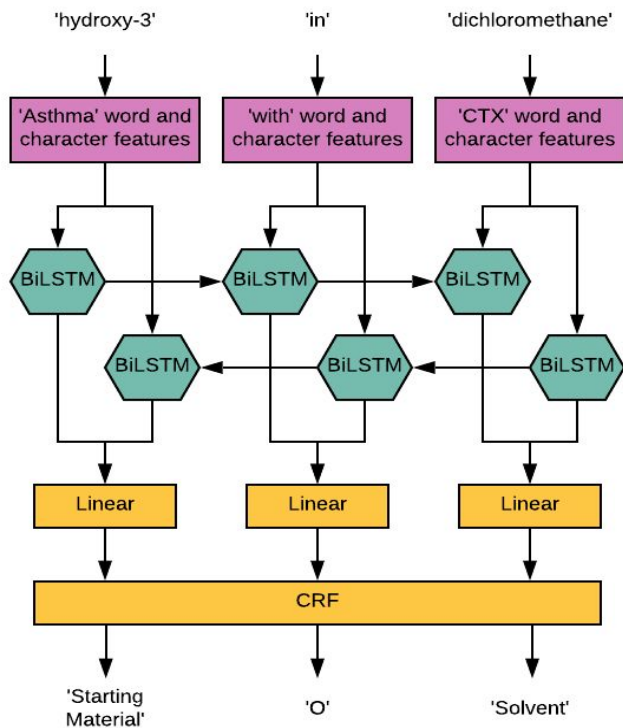
Method: Named Entity Recognition



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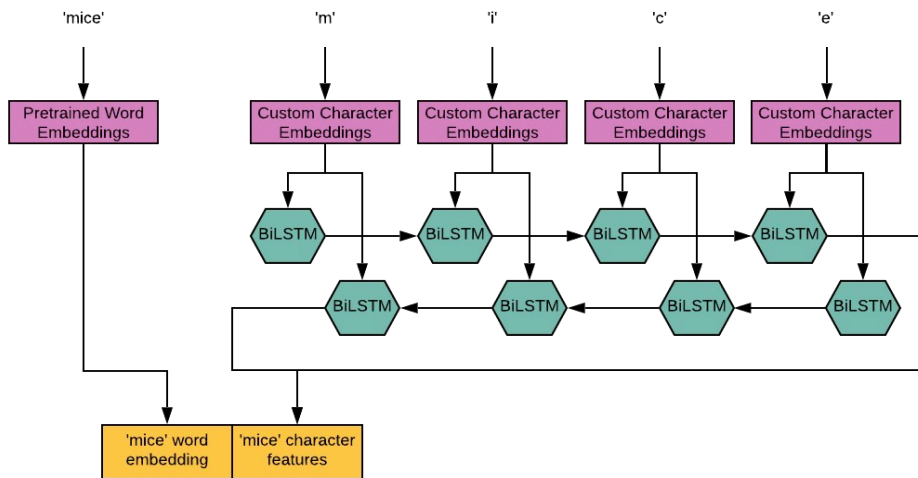
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NER & Trigger Detection: Algorithm



- Bidirectional Long Short Term Memory (Bi-LSTM) units with a Conditional Random Field (CRF) output layer
- BiLSTMs - type of Recurrent Neural Network
 - 2 sources of input: their current state and their past states
- A linear-chain CRF is used to assign the final class probability

NER & Trigger Detection: Feature Representation



Input to our model is pre-trained word embeddings in combination with character embeddings

- Word2vec embeddings
 - ChemPatent: Trained over a collection of 84,076 full patent documents
 - WikiPubMed: Trained over Wikipedia and PubMed articles
- Character embeddings - learned using a biLSTM and concatenated into the word2vec embedding

Method: Event Extraction



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Event Extraction

- To identify trigger words - NER system discussed previously
- To identify the chemical arguments between the trigger words and the entities
 - Rule-based Method
 - Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)-based Method

Rule-based method

- Utilizes co-location information of trigger words to determine with respect to entity if the word is referring to trigger word or not
 - Breadth-first search (BFS) algorithm is used here for traversal
 - For each entity, both sides are traversed until the closest occurrence of the trigger word is found using the provided span values of the entities

Rule-based

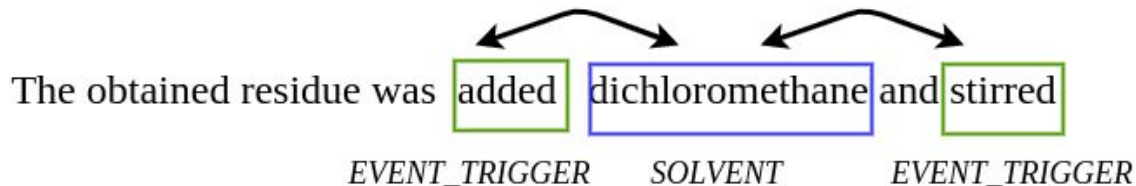
Different traversal techniques are applied and best traversal technique for each relation type is determined

- traverse left side only
- traverse right side only
- traverse left first then right
- traverse right first then left
- traverse both sides within a sentence

Rule-based

Different traversal techniques are applied and best traversal technique for each relation type is determined

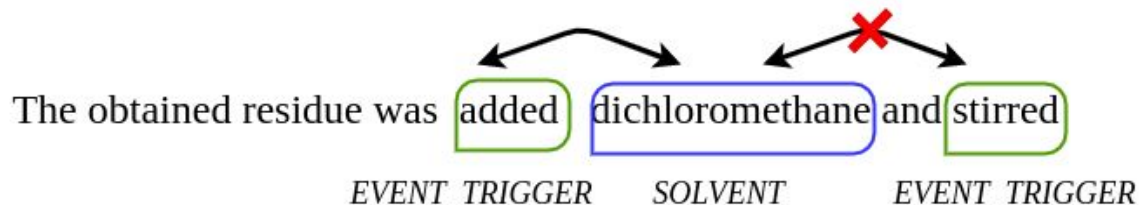
- **traverse left side only**
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Rule-based

Different traversal techniques are applied and best traversal technique for each relation type is determined

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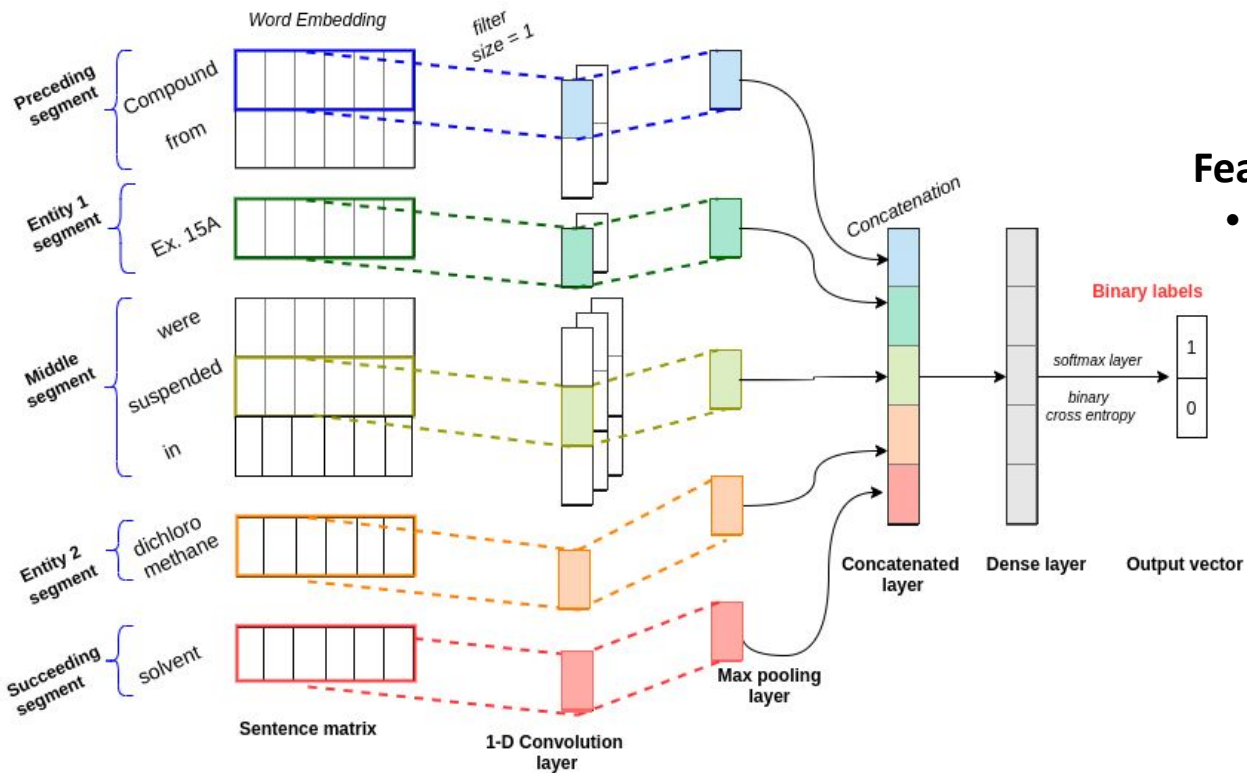


The obtained residue was **added** **dichloromethane** and **stirred**

EVENT_TRIGGER *SOLVENT* *EVENT_TRIGGER*

The diagram illustrates semantic relationships between the words in the sentence. A black arrow points from 'added' to 'stirred', indicating a relationship between two event triggers. Another black arrow points from 'dichloromethane' to 'stirred', but this relationship is marked as incorrect with a red 'X' over the arrow. Below the words, labels identify 'added' as an *EVENT_TRIGGER*, 'dichloromethane' as a *SOLVENT*, and 'stirred' as an *EVENT_TRIGGER*.

CNN-based



Algorithm:

- for each *Trigger word-Entity pair* we perform a binary classification

Feature representation:

- ChemPatent - Trained over 84,076 patents

Results & Analysis



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Evaluation Metrics

- **Precision:** ratio between correctly predicted mentions over the total set of predicted mentions for a specific entity
- **Recall:** ratio of correctly predicted mentions over the actual number of mentions
- **F-1 score:** harmonic mean between precision and recall
- For Task 1, we report both the exact and relaxed results for each entity category
 - *exact evaluation:* two annotations are equal only if they have the same tag with exactly matching spans
 - *relaxed evaluation:* two annotations are equal if they share the same tag and their spans overlap with each other.

Task 1: NER Results (Run 1)

Run 1 - Model trained over the training data using the biLSTM+CRF with the CheMU Patent embeddings

Entity	Exact			Relaxed		
	P	R	F_1	P	R	F_1
EXAMPLE_LABEL	0.94	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.98	0.96
OTHER_COMPOUND	0.9	0.82	0.86	0.97	0.99	0.98
REACTION_PRODUCT	0.84	0.83	0.83	0.9	0.97	0.94
REAGENT_CATALYST	0.85	0.9	0.87	0.88	0.99	0.93
SOLVENT	0.91	0.94	0.93	0.92	1	0.96
STARTING_MATERIAL	0.85	0.84	0.85	0.91	1	0.95
TEMPERATURE	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.99	0.99	0.99
TIME	0.88	0.88	0.88	1	1	1
YIELD_OTHER	0.95	0.98	0.97	0.96	1	0.98
YIELD_PERCENT	0.99	0.99	0.99	1	1	1
System	0.87	0.85	0.86	0.95	0.99	0.97

Task 1: NER Results (Run 2)

Run 2 - Model trained over the training data using the biLSTM+CRF with the WikiPubmed embeddings

Entity	Exact			Relaxed		
	P	R	F_1	P	R	F_1
EXAMPLE_LABEL	0.98	0.93	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.96
OTHER_COMPOUND	0.89	0.84	0.87	0.95	0.98	0.96
REACTION_PRODUCT	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.9	0.97	0.94
REAGENT_CATALYST	0.86	0.89	0.87	0.89	1	0.43
SOLVENT	0.94	0.91	0.93	0.95	0.99	0.97
STARTING_MATERIAL	0.85	0.83	0.84	0.91	0.99	0.95
TEMPERATURE	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.99	0.99	0.99
TIME	0.88	0.87	0.87	1	0.99	1
YIELD_OTHER	0.97	0.98	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98
YIELD_PERCENT	1	0.99	0.99	1	0.99	0.99
System	0.87	0.85	0.86	0.95	0.98	0.96

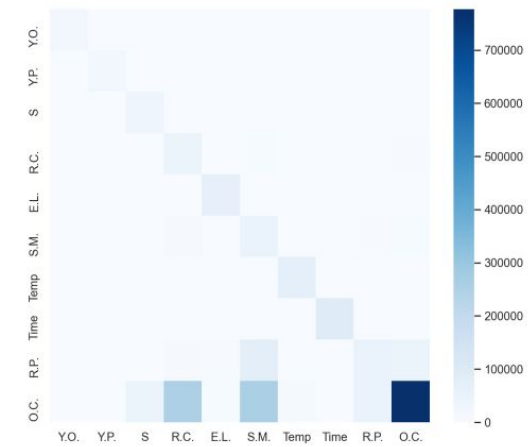
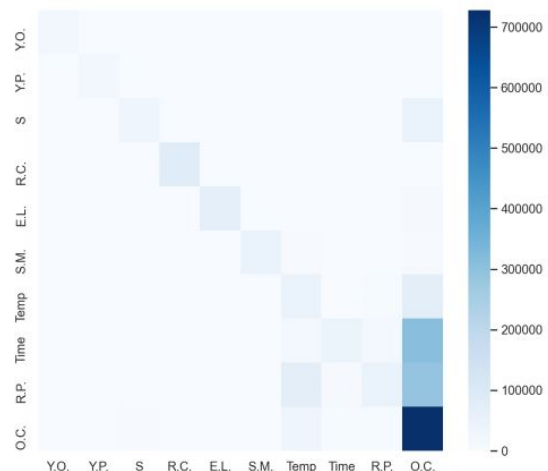
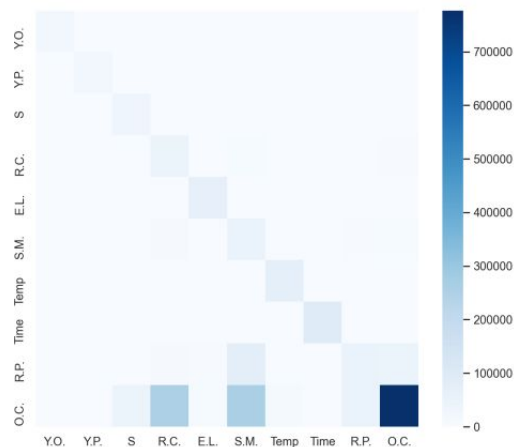
Task 1: NER Results (Run 3)

Run 3 - model trained over the training and development data combined with the biLSTM+CRF using the WikiPubmed embeddings.

Entity	Exact			Relaxed		
	P	R	F_1	P	R	F_1
EXAMPLE_LABEL	0.96	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.95
OTHER_COMPOUND	0.9	0.84	0.87	0.96	0.98	0.97
REACTION_PRODUCT	0.8	0.82	0.81	0.88	0.98	0.93
REAGENT_CATALYST	0.9	0.88	0.89	0.93	0.99	0.96
SOLVENT	0.94	0.93	0.94	0.94	0.99	0.96
STARTING_MATERIAL	0.88	0.86	0.87	0.92	0.99	0.95
TEMPERATURE	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.99	0.99	0.99
TIME	0.88	0.88	0.88	1	1	1
YIELD_OTHER	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.98
YIELD_PERCENT	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
System	0.87	0.86	0.87	0.95	0.98	0.97

Task 1: Error Analysis

Confusion matrices for all 3 runs over the testing dataset (rows : annotated entities , columns: predicted entities)



Label	Acronym	Label	Acronym
EXAMPLE LABEL	E.L.	REACTION_PRODUCT	R.P.
STARTING_MATERIAL	S.M.	REAGENT_CATALYST	R.C.
SOLVENT	S	OTHER_COMPOUND	O.C.
YIELD_PERCENT	Y.P.	YIELD_OTHER	Y.O.
TIME	Time	TEMPERATURE	Temp

Task 2: Event extraction (Run 1)

Run 1 - CNN-based system with trigger words identified using NER system trained with CheMU patent embeddings

Argument	Trigger	Entity	# Train	P	R	F ₁	
ARG1	REACTION_STEP	OTHER_COMPOUND	161	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		REACTION_PRODUCT	1101	0.92	0.96	0.94	
		REAGENT_CATALYST	1272	0.78	0.69	0.74	
		SOLVENT	1134	0.64	0.74	0.69	
		STARTING_MATERIAL	1747	0.82	0.43	0.56	
	WORKUP	OTHER_COMPOUND	4097	0.73	0.29	0.42	
		REACTION_PRODUCT	11	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		SOLVENT	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		STARTING_MATERIAL	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		ARGM	REACTION_STEP	TEMPERATURE	813	0.83	0.30
TIME	839			0.78	0.73	0.75	
YIELD_OTHER	1043			0.93	0.96	0.95	
YIELD_PERCENT	937			0.91	0.94	0.92	
WORKUP	TEMPERATURE			242	0.56	0.08	0.14
TIME	81		0.00	0.00	0.00		
System				0.81	0.54	0.65	

Task 2: Event extraction (Run 2)

Run 2 - Rule-based system with trigger words identified using NER system trained with CheMU patent embeddings

Argument	Trigger	Entity	# Train	P	R	F_1
ARG1	REACTION_STEP	OTHER_COMPOUND	161	0.02	0.63	0.04
		REACTION_PRODUCT	1101	0.82	0.78	0.80
		REAGENT_CATALYST	1272	0.52	0.35	0.42
		SOLVENT	1134	0.81	0.55	0.65
		STARTING_MATERIAL	1747	0.63	0.31	0.41
	WORKUP	OTHER_COMPOUND	4097	0.90	0.86	0.88
		REACTION_PRODUCT	11	0.01	1.00	0.02
		REAGENT_CATALYST	-	0.00	0.00	0.00
		SOLVENT	4	0.07	1.00	0.14
		STARTING_MATERIAL	4	0.04	1.00	0.08
ARGM	REACTION_STEP	TEMPERATURE	813	0.77	0.89	0.83
		TIME	839	0.85	0.93	0.89
		YIELD_OTHER	1043	0.83	0.80	0.81
		YIELD_PERCENT	937	0.86	0.85	0.85
		WORKUP	242	0.66	0.81	0.73
	WORKUP	TEMPERATURE	242	0.66	0.81	0.73
		TIME	81	0.36	0.53	0.43
		YIELD_OTHER	2	0.00	0.00	0.00
		YIELD_PERCENT	1	0.00	0.00	0.00
		System				0.51

Task 2: Event extraction (Run 3)

Run 3 - Rule-based system with trigger words identified using NER system trained with WikiPubmed embeddings

Argument	Trigger	Entity	# Train	P	R	F_1
ARG1	REACTION_STEP	OTHER_COMPOUND	161	0.02	0.63	0.04
		REACTION_PRODUCT	1101	0.82	0.78	0.80
		REAGENT_CATALYST	1272	0.52	0.35	0.42
		SOLVENT	1134	0.81	0.54	0.65
		STARTING_MATERIAL	1747	0.62	0.30	0.40
	WORKUP	OTHER_COMPOUND	4097	0.90	0.86	0.88
		REACTION_PRODUCT	11	0.01	1.00	0.02
		REAGENT_CATALYST	-	0.00	0.00	0.00
		SOLVENT	4	0.07	1.00	0.13
		STARTING_MATERIAL	4	0.03	1.00	0.07
ARGM	REACTION_STEP	TEMPERATURE	813	0.85	0.89	0.82
		TIME	839	0.78	0.93	0.89
		YIELD_OTHER	1043	0.82	0.80	0.81
		YIELD_PERCENT	937	0.86	0.85	0.85
	WORKUP	TEMPERATURE	242	0.61	0.85	0.71
		TIME	81	0.36	0.60	0.45
		YIELD_OTHER	2	0.00	0.00	0.00
		YIELD_PERCENT	1	0.00	0.00	0.00
System				0.51	0.71	0.59

Task 2: Error Analysis

Error analysis for the CNN model trained with ChemPatent embedding

Argument	Trigger	Entity	tp	fp	fn	fpm	fmm
ARG1	REACTION_STEP	OTHER_COMPOUND	0	0	63	0	11
		REACTION_PRODUCT	436	36	16	11	3
		REAGENT_CATALYST	350	97	155	17	8
		SOLVENT	316	179	111	16	7
		STARTING_MATERIAL	305	68	406	12	9
	WORKUP	OTHER_COMPOUND	516	192	1234	23	73
		REACTION_PRODUCT	0	0	4	0	0
		REAGENT_CATALYST	-	-	-	-	-
		SOLVENT	0	0	2	0	0
		STARTING_MATERIAL	0	0	1	0	0
ARGM	REACTION_STEP	TEMPERATURE	151	30	352	15	15
		TIME	300	87	113	16	10
		YIELD_OTHER	418	31	17	11	3
		YIELD_PERCENT	361	36	23	13	3
	WORKUP	TEMPERATURE	9	7	101	0	20
		TIME	0	0	43	0	13
		YIELD_OTHER	-	-	-	-	-
		YIELD_PERCENT	-	-	-	-	-
System			3162	763	2641	134	175

Task 2: Error Analysis

Arithmetic and Weighted arithmetic mean of the performance of the trigger words for each run

Trigger	Entity	Arithmetic mean			Weighted arithmetic mean		
		P	R	F_1	P	R	F_1
REACTION_STEP	Run 1	0.73	0.64	0.67	0.81	0.69	0.73
	Run 2	0.68	0.68	0.63	0.73	0.63	0.66
	Run 3	0.68	0.67	0.63	0.73	0.63	0.65
WORKUP	Run 1	0.14	0.04	0.06	0.70	0.28	0.40
	Run 2	0.23	0.58	0.25	0.87	0.85	0.86
	Run 3	0.22	0.59	0.25	0.87	0.85	0.86

Comparison with the baseline

- *Task 1:*

	Exact			Relax		
	P	R	F_1	P	R	F_1
Run 1	0.87	0.85	0.86	0.95	0.99	0.97
Run 2	0.87	0.85	0.86	0.95	0.98	0.96
Run 3	0.87	0.85	0.87	0.95	0.98	0.97
<i>Baseline</i>	0.91	0.87	0.89	0.92	0.95	0.94

- *Task 2:*

	P	R	F_1
Run 1	0.81	0.54	0.65
Run 2	0.51	0.72	0.60
Run 3	0.51	0.71	0.59
<i>Baseline</i>	0.38	0.89	0.38

Conclusion & Future work

Task 1: Conclusions

- Evaluated 3 biLSTM+CRF models over different pre-trained word embeddings
 - models did not outperform the baseline model when evaluating exact span matches
 - models outperformed the baseline when evaluating in relaxed mode
- Errors primarily occurred because of issues with the model distinguishing between different entity labels
 - Example: mislabeling entities annotated as OTHER_COMPOUND for more specific labels, like REACTION_PRODUCT or STARTING_MATERIAL

Task 2: Conclusions

- Used a CNN-based model and 2 rule-based models to extract events
 - All 3 models outperformed the baseline model
 - CNN-based method outperforms the rule-based methods, especially with the REACTION_STEP classes as those classes have more instances to train on
 - Rule-based methods do not require training instances to train they perform better with WORKUP classes

Future Work

- Explore additional segment-CNN architectures
 - incorporate CRF layer while concatenating segments
 - incorporate biLSTM
 - incorporate transformer with attention mechanism
- Explore different feature representations :
 - *Feature-based representation*
 - incorporate semantic similarity, relatedness and association
 - *Featureless representation*
 - Character embeddings
 - Combine word and character embeddings
 - Contextual representation (e.g. BERT, ELMO)





Thank you!



